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Naples, June 1.

YEsterday arrived here an Expreſs, and brought advice, that 60 ſail had been ſeen in the Channel of *Maltha*, which, it's believed, might be Turkiſh Ships and Galleys. The Gallies that carried the Cardinal *de Porto Carrero* to *Palermo*, are returned, and by them we have advice, that ſeven Spaniſh Men of War were arrived there, and eight more daily expected. Two days ſince ſailed from hence two Felucca's for *Palermo*, having on board a conſiderable Sum of Mony for the paying the Militia.

Vienna, June 10. The advices we receive from *Hungary* do ſomewhat diſquiet us, and the more for that the Rebels ſeem to promiſe themſelves aſſiſtances from *Poland* and from the *Ottomans*; and the thing is lookt upon of that conſequence, that the Emperor, as we are informed, has reſolved to raiſe forthwith four new Regiments to be employed againſt the Rebels, and has given the command of his Forces to Count *Leſlie*.

Copenhagen, June 26. We have Letters from the Camp before *Malmoe* dated yeſterday, which tell us, that the Beſiegers had advanced their Trenches ſo far, that they were come to the Counterſcarp of the Town; that yeſterday morning the Beſieged made a very brisk Sally, but were received ſo warmly, that they were forced to return home again, leaving 25 of their companions dead behind them. It is ſaid that the Gariſon in the Town is about 3000 ſtrong, The Suedes Army is at preſent encamped between *Landſcroon* and *Chriſtianſtadt*, and it ſeems as if they would attempt the relief of *Malmoe*. The five Suedes Men of War lately taken in the *Belt* by Admiral *Fuels*, are fitting, and will be joined to our Fleet, which will put to Sea ſo ſoon as the Men of War expected from *Holland* arrive.

Hamburg, June 29. We expect every day to hear of the march of the *Brandenburgs*, who by the preparation they have made all this winter and ſtill continue to make, ſeem to have ſome very great deſign in hand. The *Luneburg* Troops, which are ſent to the aſſiſtance of his Electoral Highneſs, have beſet all the Paſſes about *Stralſond*, ſo that that place is in a manner blocked up. From *Roſtacke* they write, that 4000 Imperialiſts were ſhipt there, and ready to ſail for *Schonen* with the firſt fair wind. From *Copenhagen* they tell us, that they were in expectation there to hear in few days that their King had made himſelf Maſter of *Malmoe*.

Strasburg, June 25. The Duke of *Saxe-Eyſenach* lies encamped with his Forces at *Benfeldt*, where he expects ſeveral pieces of Cannon from *Philipsburg*. Two days ſince he had advice, that the Sieur *de la Broſſe* was abroad with 150 Horſe, whereupon he immediately ſent out a ſtrong party, which fell upon him, and entirely defeated him, the ſaid *de la Broſſe* and moſt of his men being killed upon the place. The Duke of *Saxe*, ſo ſoon as his Cannon is come up, will march towards *Schleſtadt*, whither the Sieur *de Monclar* is at preſent retired.

Francfort, June 28. The Duke of *Saxe Eyſenach* having demanded of the Magiſtrates of *Strasburg* liberty to paſs over their Bridge, and at the ſame time producing the Emperors order, that if it was diſputed, he ſhould force it; the ſaid Magiſtrates, to avoid the ill conſequences of a refuſal, reſolved to give him a free paſſage, and accordingly the ſaid Duke paſſed the *Rhine* over their Bridge, and advanced towards *Benfelt*, where the Sieur *de Monclar* was encamped with 5 or 6000 French, who thereupon retired towards *Schleſtadt*. It is ſaid that the Duke of *Saxe* has ſent to *Philipsburg* for fourteen pieces of Cannon, and to *Strasburg* for four more, and that after he has received them he will march to *Schleſtadt*, and attack that place, in order to the blocking up of *Briſac*. A Gentleman and his Wife, who were not long ſince ſecured here by order of General *Caplieres*, to whom they did belong, for having held correſpondence with the Enemy, were yeſterday carried priſoners to *Philipsburg*, where they will be puniſhed according to their demerit.

Cologne, June 29. The Troops of the Dukes of *Lunenburg*, which come from *Wetteravia*, are this day arrived near *Bon*, where they will paſs the *Rhine*, and ſo continue their march towards the *Meuſe*, if they do not receive other orders. The Troops of the Biſhop of *Paderborne* paſſed the *Rhine* the 26 at *Duyſburg*, and are marched towards the *Meuſe*. Yeſterday arrived here part of the Baggage of the Prince and Biſhop of *Gurck*, the firſt of the Emperors Ambaſſadors for the Treaty at *Nimeguen*. The Letters we receive from *Treves* give us an account, that the Duke of *Lorrain* was decamped from *Epply*, and was marched along the *Seille* towards *Metz*, with what deſign was not known; but we are informed that his Highneſs had diſpatched a Courier with Letters to the Prince of *Orange* and the Duke *de Villa Hermoſa*.

Ruremonde, June 30. The *Munſter* Troops commanded by the Baron *de Wedel*, having encamped at *Belfeld* two Leagues from hence, on Sunday they diſlodged, the Infantry paſſing by our Gates, and the Horſe through this place; they conſiſted in four Regiments of Horſe, one of Dragoons, and ſeven of Foot, having with them a Train of 31 pieces of Cannon, and 11 Mortar-pieces. The Troops of the Biſhop of *Oſnabrug* are likewiſe marching this way, and part of them are already arrived at *Melic*.

Amſterdam, July 1. From *Groningen* four Letters give us an account, that the *Ommelanden* had held an Aſſembly as a diſtinct Province, at which they of *Groningen* are very much diſpleaſed; what the iſſue of this matter will be time muſt ſhew. The Men of War fitted out here for the ſervice of the King of *Denmark* are ſailed, though the wind has not ſince proved very favourable. From *Antwerp* they write, that the Prince of *Orange* would certainly march with his Army in a day or two to go and meet the *Munſter* and *Oſnabrug* Troops.

Hague, July 2. Yeſterday the Prince of *Orange* was expected at *Honſlaerdyke*, to diſpatch ſome affairs

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